2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Total <br> Injury and Violence |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Linear Change* | Quadratic Change* | Change from 2013-2015 ${ }^{\dagger}$ |
| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |  |  |  |
| QN11: Percentage of students who drove when drinking alcohol (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7.6 | 7.4 | No linear change | Not available ${ }^{\text {§ }}$ | No change |
| QN12: Percentage of students who texted or e-mailed while driving a car or other vehicle (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 31.8 | 33.2 | No linear change | Not available | No change |
| QN13: Percentage of students who carried a weapon (such as a gun, knife, or club on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 18.5 | 18.2 | 14.0 | 12.3 | 14.7 | 14.0 | 14.1 | 12.9 | 12.2 | 10.9 | 10.5 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | Decreased, 1991-2001 <br> Decreased, 2001-2015 | No change |
| QN14: Percentage of students who carried a gun (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7.7 | 6.5 | 5.3 | 4.4 | 3.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 2.8 | 3.9 | 2.4 | 2.7 | Decreased, 1993-2015 | Decreased, 1993-2001 <br> Decreased, 2001-2015 | No change |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Total <br> Injury and Violence |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
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2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Total <br> Injury and Violence |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
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${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Total <br> Injury and Violence |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Linear Change* | Quadratic Change* | Change from 2013-2015 ${ }^{\dagger}$ |
| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |  |  |  |
| QN23: Percentage of students who experienced sexual dating violence (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, including kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse when they did not want to by someone they were dating or going out with among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11.0 | 10.7 | No linear change | Not available ${ }^{\text {§ }}$ | No change |
| QN24: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (during the 12 months before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| QN25: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (including being bullied through e-mail, chat rooms, instant messaging, websites, or texting during the 12 months before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12.4 | 14.4 | 14.0 | No linear change | Not available | No change |
| QN26: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for 2 or more weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities during the 12 months before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 34.1 | 32.6 | 31.1 | 33.8 | 27.5 | 25.9 | 25.6 | 29.6 | 29.1 | Decreased, 1999-2015 | Decreased, 1999-2011 <br> Increased, 2011-2015 | No change |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

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2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Total <br> Tobacco Use |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Total <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Linear Change* | Quadratic Change* | Change from 2013-2015 |
| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |  |  |  |
| QN41: Percentage of students who ever drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during their life) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73.8 | 72.3 | 74.0 | 76.1 | 75.3 | 76.5 | 75.3 | 71.6 | 72.0 | 69.4 | 65.1 | 61.3 | 56.8 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No change, 1991-2003 <br> Decreased, 2003-2015 | No change |
| QN42: Percentage of students who drank alcohol before age 13 years (for the first time other than a few sips) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30.5 | 30.6 | 34.5 | 34.3 | 32.3 | 30.1 | 28.3 | 25.9 | 24.9 | 22.7 | 21.7 | 15.8 | 14.8 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No change, 1991-1997 <br> Decreased, 1997-2015 | No change |
| QN43: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 44.8 | 43.7 | 44.1 | 47.1 | 39.4 | 41.0 | 38.5 | 38.8 | 36.7 | 36.2 | 33.0 | 28.7 | 24.8 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | Decreased, 1991-2009 <br> Decreased, 2009-2015 | No change |
| QN44: Percentage of students who drank five or more drinks of alcohol in a row (within a couple of hours on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25.5 | 22.4 | 23.9 | 27.1 | 22.3 | 24.3 | 22.2 | 22.2 | 21.8 | 20.6 | 19.0 | 16.1 | 12.6 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | Decreased, 1991-2009 <br> Decreased, 2009-2015 | Decreased |
| QN45: Percentage of students who reported that the largest number of drinks they had in a row was 10 or more (within a couple of hours during the 30 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.1 | 2.8 | No linear change | Not available ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | No change |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Total <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Linear Change* | Quadratic Change* | $\underset{\text { 2013-2015 }}{ }{ }^{\text {C }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |  |  |  |
| QN47: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35.9 | 36.5 | 44.7 | 49.6 | 43.1 | 41.8 | 42.5 | 39.2 | 34.6 | 37.3 | 40.1 | 40.5 | 35.9 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | Increased, 1991-1995 <br> Decreased, 1995-2015 | No change |
| QN48: Percentage of students who tried marijuana before age 13 years (for the first time) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10.6 | 9.2 | 11.5 | 14.0 | 12.1 | 13.5 | 12.3 | 9.9 | 10.7 | 9.2 | 10.6 | 8.5 | 7.5 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | Increased, 1991-1997 <br> Decreased, 1997-2015 | No change |
| QN49: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18.1 | 22.6 | 26.5 | 26.4 | 22.2 | 22.5 | 22.4 | 18.6 | 16.6 | 18.9 | 24.0 | 21.9 | 18.0 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No quadratic change | No change |
| QN50: Percentage of students who ever used cocaine (any form of cocaine, such as powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during their life) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8.1 | 8.8 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 7.7 | 8.6 | 8.6 | 7.6 | 8.4 | 6.9 | 5.3 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No change, 1991-1995 <br> Decreased, 1995-2015 | No change |

QN51: Percentage of students who ever used inhalants (sniffed glue, breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any paints or sprays to get high, one or more times during their life)

| 17.3 | 14.3 | 11.7 | 11.3 | 12.8 | 13.5 | 10.7 | 10.7 | 11.0 | 8.0 | 6.5 | Decreased, $1995-2015$ | No quadratic change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Total <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05 .
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Total <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

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2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Total <br> Sexual Behaviors |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Total <br> Sexual Behaviors <br> Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |

QNSHPARG: Percentage of students who used a shot (e.g., Depo-Provera), patch (e.g., OrthoEvra),
or birth control ring (e.g., NuvaRing) (during last sexual intercourse among students who were
currently sexually active)

Linear Change*
Quadratic Change*
hange from 2013-2015 ${ }^{\dagger}$

> QNOTHHPL: Percentage of students who used birth control pills; an IUD or implant; or a shot,
patch, or birth control ring (before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who
were currently sexually active)
$26.1 \quad 23.7$

No linear change
Not available
No change

QNDUALBC: Percentage of students who used both a condom during and birth control pills; an
IUD or implant; or a shot, patch, or birth control ring before last sexual intercourse (to prevent STD
and pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)

QNBCNONE: Percentage of students who did not use any method to prevent pregnancy (during last
sexual intercourse among students who were currently sexually active)

| 23.2 | 20.5 | 18.1 | 17.3 | 16.9 | 15.3 | 15.5 | 15.8 | 16.5 | 13.5 | 15.2 | 16.7 | 12.4 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | Decreased, 1991-1999$\quad$No change$\quad$No change, 1999-2015 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p<0.05.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.
${ }^{\S}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
§Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Total <br> Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors <br> Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Total <br> Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors <br> Health Risk Behavior and Percentages | Linear Change* |  | Quadratic Change* |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

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${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

## Total <br> Physical Activity

| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QN80: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)
45.7 5 4.1 Increased, 2011-2015 Not available ${ }^{\S}$ No change

QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical
activity on at least 1 day (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

| 17.0 | 15.9 | 13.2 | Decreased, 2011-2015 Not available Decreased |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7
days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time (during the 7 days before the survey)
$24.8 \quad 26.9 \quad 27.0 \quad$ No linear change Not available No change

QN81: Percentage of students who watched television 3 or more hours per day (on an average school
day)

| 45.7 | 41.8 | 41.8 | 40.8 | 37.9 | 30.7 | 33.0 | 27.9 | 19.7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Decreased, 1999-2015
Decreased, 1999-2011
Decreased
Decreased, 2011-2015
Decreased
*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$
Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05 .
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

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Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Total <br> Other |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

## Total

Site-Added

## Health Risk Behavior and Percentages

Linear Change*
Quadratic Change*
Change from 2013-2015

| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QN90: Percentage of students who responded that the person they were going out with had ever threatened them, limited their activities against their will, or made them feel unsafe in any other way

| 11.8 | 11.0 | 6.5 | 7.8 | Decreased, 2009-2015 Not available ${ }^{\S} \quad$ No change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QN91: Percentage of students who have been harassed because someone thought they were gay,
lesbian, or bisexual (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)
11.3
$10.8 \quad 9.5 \quad 11.6$
No linear change
Not available
Increased

QN95: Percentage of students who did something to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to
die (such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose one or more times during the 12 months before
the survey)

| 16.2 | 16.7 | 17.6 | 18.7 | Increased, 2009-2015 Not available No change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QN97: Percentage of students who reported their partners were three or more years older than
themselves the first time they had sexual intercourse (among students who have had sexual intercourse)
$17.0 \quad 16.9 \quad 14.2 \quad$ No linear change Not available No change
*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$
Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05 .
${ }^{\S}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

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Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

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Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Male <br> Injury and Violence |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05 .
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

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Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

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## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report


QN22: Percentage of students who experienced physical dating violence (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, including being hit, slammed into something, or injured with an object or weapon on purpose by someone they were dating or going out with among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)
6.5 6.4 No linear change Not available ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ No change

QN23: Percentage of students who experienced sexual dating violence (one or more times during the
12 months before the survey, including kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual
intercourse when they did not want to by someone they were dating or going out with among students
who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)
6.4 5.9 No linear change Not available No change

QN24: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)

| 13.8 | 13.3 | 14.3 | No linear change | Not available |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QN25: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (including being bullied through
e-mail, chat rooms, instant messaging, websites, or texting during the 12 months before the survey)

| 8.6 | 10.3 | 10.7 | No linear change | Not available | No change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

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${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Male <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Linear Change* | Quadratic Change* | Change from |
| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |  |  |  |
| QN41: Percentage of students who ever drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during their life) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 77.9 | 71.5 | 75.3 | 77.2 | 77.1 | 75.6 | 75.8 | 68.2 | 68.9 | 68.5 | 62.2 | 59.2 | 52.8 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No change, 1991-2001 <br> Decreased, 2001-2015 | No change |
| QN42: Percentage of students who drank alcohol before age 13 years (for the first time other than a few sips) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35.6 | 36.0 | 41.1 | 38.4 | 37.5 | 34.0 | 33.6 | 25.7 | 27.3 | 25.2 | 22.8 | 17.2 | 16.9 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No change, 1991-1999 <br> Decreased, 1999-2015 | No change |
| QN43: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46.6 | 43.5 | 45.1 | 48.8 | 40.1 | 39.3 | 37.6 | 37.0 | 35.2 | 35.9 | 33.6 | 27.6 | 23.6 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No change, 1991-1997 <br> Decreased, 1997-2015 | No change |
| QN44: Percentage of students who drank five or more drinks of alcohol in a row (within a couple of hours on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28.5 |  |  | 30.2 |  |  | 23.6 |  | 21.7 | 20.9 | 19.8 | 18.0 | 14.0 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No change, 1991-1997 <br> Decreased, 1997-2015 | Decreased |
| QN45: Percentage of students who reported that the largest number of drinks they had in a row was 10 or more (within a couple of hours during the 30 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5.4 | 4.3 | No linear change | Not available ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | No change |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Male <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Linear Change* | Quadratic Change* | Change from 2013-2015 |
| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |  |  |  |
| QN47: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41.4 | 40.3 | 48.2 | 52.9 | 46.8 | 44.1 | 45.0 | 40.2 | 36.8 | 42.0 | 41.2 | 40.3 | 37.7 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No quadratic change | No change |
| QN48: Percentage of students who tried marijuana before age 13 years (for the first time) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13.6 | 12.3 | 15.3 | 16.6 | 14.6 | 15.8 | 15.5 | 11.4 | 13.0 | 12.1 | 12.5 | 10.6 | 11.1 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No quadratic change | No change |
| QN49: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21.7 | 26.5 | 29.3 | 29.7 | 26.5 | 24.3 | 25.5 | 19.3 | 18.7 | 22.2 | 26.4 | 22.3 | 20.6 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No quadratic change | No change |
| QN50: Percentage of students who ever used cocaine (any form of cocaine, such as powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during their life) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.9 | 9.3 | 10.3 | 9.3 | 8.6 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 8.1 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 9.8 | 9.1 | 7.8 | No linear change | No quadratic change | No change |

QN51: Percentage of students who ever used inhalants (sniffed glue, breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any paints or sprays to get high, one or more times during their life)

| 17.3 | 13.9 | 10.5 | 10.0 | 12.0 | 12.3 | 11.7 | 9.3 | 9.8 | 8.4 | 7.1 | Decreased, 1995-2015 | No quadratic change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Male <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Male <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Male <br> Sexual Be | havior |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 | Linear Change* | Quadratic Change* | Change from 2013-2015 ${ }^{\dagger}$ |
| QN60: Percentage of students who ever had sexual intercourse |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| QN61: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse before age 13 years (for the first time) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18.1 | 15.5 | 15.1 | 10.1 | 10.5 | 8.6 | 9.7 | 8.6 | 10.0 | 6.8 | 9.3 | 6.7 | 5.6 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | Decreased, 1991-1997 <br> Decreased, 1997-2015 | No change |
| QN62: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons (during their life) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21.0 | 19.9 | 18.6 | 17.9 | 16.5 | 13.5 | 15.7 | 14.0 | 14.5 | 14.9 | 14.9 | 11.2 | 10.5 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No quadratic change | No change |
| QN63: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (sexual intercourse with at least one person during the 3 months before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31.1 | 32.7 | 31.8 | 29.3 | 27.2 | 26.3 | 26.0 | 26.5 | 28.3 | 30.3 | 29.4 | 24.3 | 24.4 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No quadratic change | No change |
| QN64: Percentage of students who drank alcohol or used drugs before last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 27.4 | 34.6 | 37.7 | 31.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 24.6 | 27.5 | 23.7 | 27.4 | 24.4 | 23.1 | Decreased, 1993-2015 | No quadratic change | No change |

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Male <br> Sexual Behaviors |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Linear Change* | Quadratic Change* | Change from |
| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |  |  |  |

QNSHPARG: Percentage of students who used a shot (e.g., Depo-Provera), patch (e.g., OrthoEvra),
or birth control ring (e.g., NuvaRing) (during last sexual intercourse among students who were
currently sexually active)
1.8 $3.2 \quad$ No linear change $\quad$ Not available ${ }^{\S} \quad$ No change

QNOTHHPL: Percentage of students who used birth control pills; an IUD or implant; or a shot,
patch, or birth control ring (before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who
were currently sexually active)
$21.7 \quad 20.6$
No linear change
Not available
No change

QNDUALBC: Percentage of students who used both a condom during and birth control pills; an
IUD or implant; or a shot, patch, or birth control ring before last sexual intercourse (to prevent STD
and pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)
$3.3 \quad 2.9$

No linear change
Not available
No change

QNBCNONE: Percentage of students who did not use any method to prevent pregnancy (during last
sexual intercourse among students who were currently sexually active)

| 17.0 | 18.1 | 15.6 | 15.2 | 15.7 | 16.5 | 14.7 | 13.3 | 13.4 | 12.9 | 14.5 | 13.1 | Decreased, 1993-2015 No quadratic change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05
Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05 .
${ }^{\S}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
§Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Male <br> Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors <br> Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Male |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Linear Change* | Quadratic Change* | Change from |
| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |  |  |  |

QNVEG0: Percentage of students who did not eat vegetables (green salad, potatoes [excluding
French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)

| 5.2 | 6.8 | 7.3 | 9.0 | 9.6 | 8.3 | 10.2 | 8.2 | 7.1 | Increased, 1999-2015 | Increased, 1999-2011 <br> Decreased, 2011-2015 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QNVEG1: Percentage of students who ate vegetables one or more times per day (green salad,
potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during
the 7 days before the survey)
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}61.4 & 58.2 & 55.6 & 56.6 & 56.5 & 59.9 & 58.7 & 58.4 & 60.4\end{array}$
No linear change
No quadratic change
No change

QNVEG2: Percentage of students who ate vegetables two or more times per day (green salad,
potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during
the 7 days before the survey)

| 30.3 | 23.8 | 21.8 | 24.7 | 23.8 | 28.5 | 24.9 | 27.4 | 28.1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

No linear change
Decreased, 1999-2003

No change Increased, 2003-2015
No

QNVEG3: Percentage of students who ate vegetables three or more times per day (green salad,
potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during
the 7 days before the survey)

| 15.4 | 12.5 | 9.0 | 12.6 | 12.2 | 14.2 | 12.6 | 15.2 | 14.0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

No linear change

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Male <br> Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors <br> Health Risk Behavior and Percentages | Linear Change* |  | Quadratic Change* |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

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## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Male <br> Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors <br> Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

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## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Male <br> Physical Activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Linear Change* | Quadratic Change* | Change from |
| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |  |  |  |

QN80: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical
activity on at least 1 day (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)
$13.0 \quad 12.7 \quad 10.9$

No linear change
Not available
No change

QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7
days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time (during the 7 days before the survey)
$32.5 \quad 33.2 \quad 35.5$

No linear change
Not available
No change

QN81: Percentage of students who watched television 3 or more hours per day (on an average school
day)
$49.4 \quad 41.9$
43.0
45.4
39.1
33.3
34.8
28.0
19.9

Decreased, 1999-2015
Decreased, 1999-2011
Decreased
Decreased, 2011-2015
Decreased
*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Male <br> Physical Activity |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Male <br> Other |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

## Male

Site-Added

| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QN90: Percentage of students who responded that the person they were going out with had ever threatened them, limited their activities against their will, or made them feel unsafe in any other way

| 10.2 | 9.1 | 5.2 | 6.8 | Decreased, 2009-2015 Not available |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QN91: Percentage of students who have been harassed because someone thought they were gay,
lesbian, or bisexual (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)
$\begin{array}{llll}12.5 & 10.1 & 11.0 & 12\end{array}$
2

No linear change
Not available
No change

QN95: Percentage of students who did something to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to
die (such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose one or more times during the 12 months before
the survey)

| 10.6 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 11.7 | No linear change | Not available No change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QN97: Percentage of students who reported their partners were three or more years older than themselves the first time they had sexual intercourse (among students who have had sexual intercourse)

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## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

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## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Female <br> Injury and Violence |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\top}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
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2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

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${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Female <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Female <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Linear Change* | Quadratic Change* | Change from 2013-2015 ${ }^{\dagger}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |  |  |  |
| QN47: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30.2 | 32.7 | 41.6 | 46.3 | 39.8 | 39.5 | 39.8 | 37.8 | 32.4 | 32.4 | 38.9 | 40.3 | 34.2 | No linear change | Increased, 1991-1995 <br> Decreased, 1995-2015 | No change |
| QN48: Percentage of students who tried marijuana before age 13 years (for the first time) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7.5 | 6.1 | 8.1 | 11.4 | 9.8 | 11.4 | 8.9 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 6.2 | 8.7 | 6.2 | 3.9 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No change, 1991-1997 <br> Decreased, 1997-2015 | No change |
| QN49: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14.5 | 18.6 | 24.2 | 23.0 | 18.2 | 20.8 | 19.0 | 18.0 | 14.5 | 15.4 | 21.5 | 21.1 | 15.3 | No linear change | No quadratic change | Decreased |
| QN50: Percentage of students who ever used cocaine (any form of cocaine, such as powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during their life) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9.3 | 8.3 | 9.4 | 10.5 | 8.2 | 9.5 | 7.0 | 8.5 | 8.2 | 6.1 | 6.9 | 4.3 | 2.8 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | Decreased, 1991-2011 <br> Decreased, 2011-2015 | No change |

QN51: Percentage of students who ever used inhalants (sniffed glue, breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any paints or sprays to get high, one or more times during their life)

| 17.3 | 14.5 | 12.9 | 12.5 | 13.3 | 14.8 | 9.6 | 12.1 | 12.1 | 7.5 | 5.9 | Decreased, 1995-2015 | No quadratic change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\top}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Female <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Female Sexual B | havior |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 | Linear Change* | Quadratic Change* | Change from 2013-2015 ${ }^{\dagger}$ |
| QN60: Percentage of students who ever had sexual intercourse |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| QN61: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse before age 13 years (for the first time) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3.1 | 3.3 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.4 | 4.4 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 1.2 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No quadratic change | No change |
| QN62: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons (during their life) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10.4 | 12.8 | 11.4 | 12.2 | 5.7 | 9.0 | 8.6 | 7.4 | 5.8 | 7.4 | 8.8 | 4.9 | 3.1 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No quadratic change | No change |
| QN63: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (sexual intercourse with at least one person during the 3 months before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29.5 | 31.4 | 29.6 | 33.1 | 23.3 | 27.0 | 27.1 | 27.9 | 27.7 | 25.0 | 26.3 | 24.0 | 20.4 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No quadratic change | No change |
| QN64: Percentage of students who drank alcohol or used drugs before last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 17.9 | 20.9 | 20.6 | 17.3 | 18.4 | 18.2 | 15.3 | 14.4 | 18.9 | 15.7 | 11.0 | 15.9 | Decreased, 1993-2015 | No quadratic change | No change |

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Female <br> Sexual Behaviors |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |

QNSHPARG: Percentage of students who used a shot (e.g., Depo-Provera), patch (e.g., OrthoEvra),
or birth control ring (e.g., NuvaRing) (during last sexual intercourse among students who were
currently sexually active)

Linear Change*
Quadratic Change*
hange from
2013-2015 ${ }^{\dagger}$
QNOTHPL: Pece

QNOTHHPL: Percentage of students who used birth control pills; an IUD or implant; or a shot,
patch, or birth control ring (before last sexual intercourse to prevent pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)
$30.9 \quad 27.3$

No linear change
Not available
No change

QNDUALBC: Percentage of students who used both a condom during and birth control pills; an
IUD or implant; or a shot, patch, or birth control ring before last sexual intercourse (to prevent STD
and pregnancy among students who were currently sexually active)
$11.0 \quad 8.6$

No linear change
Not available
No change

QNBCNONE: Percentage of students who did not use any method to prevent pregnancy (during last
sexual intercourse among students who were currently sexually active)
$\begin{array}{lll}23.5 & 18.2 & 19.0\end{array}$
$18.9 \quad 14.8$
$13.6 \quad 16.5$
$\begin{array}{lll}19.9 & 13.7 & 17.8\end{array}$
$19.1 \quad 11.5$
Decreased, 1993-2015
No quadratic change
No change
*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
§Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Female <br> Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{lllll}1991 & 1993 & 1995 & 1997\end{array}$ | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |  |  |  |
| QN73: Percentage of students who did not eat salad (during the 7 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 31.3 | 33.3 | 34.2 | 31.7 | 32.0 | 32.4 | 36.1 | 30.5 | 30.5 | No linear change | No quadratic change | No change |
| QN74: Percentage of students who did not eat potatoes (during the 7 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 41.1 | 37.9 | 43.1 | 44.0 | 45.4 | 42.4 | 38.2 | 46.9 | 45.0 | Increased, 1999-2015 | No quadratic change | No change |
| QN75: Percentage of students who did not eat carrots (during the 7 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 41.6 | 45.9 | 47.6 | 50.3 | 45.4 | 44.3 | 47.6 | 43.4 | 44.6 | No linear change | Increased, 1999-2003 <br> No change, 2003-2015 | No change |
| QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat other vegetables (during the 7 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 13.7 | 15.2 | 18.7 | 21.3 | 18.9 | 15.3 | 16.9 | 14.4 | 16.3 | No linear change | Increased, 1999-2005 <br> Decreased, 2005-2015 | No change |

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

## Female <br> Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages
Linear Change
Quadratic Change*
Change from 2013-2015 ${ }^{\dagger}$

| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QNVEG0: Percentage of students who did not eat vegetables (green salad, potatoes [excluding
French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)

| 3.3 | 4.8 | 6.0 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 5.5 | 4.8 | 4.1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

No linear change
No change

QNVEG1: Percentage of students who ate vegetables one or more times per day (green salad,
potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during
the 7 days before the survey)

| 60.8 | 61.4 | 56.7 | 53.7 | 56.3 | 62.7 | 57.4 | 59.7 | 61.7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

No linear change
Decreased, 1999-2005
No change

QNVEG2: Percentage of students who ate vegetables two or more times per day (green salad,
potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)

| 30.2 | 22.4 | 24.0 | 21.7 | 23.3 | 28.7 | 26.3 | 26.3 | 26.4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

No linear change
Decreased, 1999-2003

No change Increased, 2003-2015

QNVEG3: Percentage of students who ate vegetables three or more times per day (green salad,
potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)

| 14.7 | 10.6 | 11.7 | 8.7 | 13.1 | 13.1 | 13.5 | 12.9 | 12.6 | No linear change $\quad$ No quadratic change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p<0.05.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

## Female <br> Physical Activity

| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QN80: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

$$
\text { QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least } 60 \text { minutes of physical }
$$

activity on at least 1 day (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)

QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7
days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time (during the 7 days before the survey)
$16.7 \quad 20.1 \quad 18.3$

No linear change
Not available
No change

QN81: Percentage of students who watched television 3 or more hours per day (on an average school
day)

| 42.3 | 41.8 | 40.4 | 36.5 | 36.5 | 28.2 | 31.2 | 27.8 | 19.5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Decreased, 1999-2015
Decreased, 1999-2011
Decreased
Decreased, 2011-2015
Decreas
"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Female <br> Physical Activity |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Female Other | Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Linear Change* | Quadratic Change* | $\begin{gathered} \text { Change from } \\ 2013-2015 \dagger \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |  |  |  |
| QN87: Percentage of students who had ever been told by a doctor or nurse that they had asthma |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21.1 | 20.8 | 22.7 | 16.1 | 17.7 | Decreased, 2007-2015 | Not available ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ | No change |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

## Female

Site-Added

| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QN90: Percentage of students who responded that the person they were going out with had ever threatened them, limited their activities against their will, or made them feel unsafe in any other way

| 13.3 | 13.1 | 7.8 | 8.9 | Decreased, 2009-2015 Not available ${ }^{\S} \quad$ No change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QN91: Percentage of students who have been harassed because someone thought they were gay,
lesbian, or bisexual (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)
$\begin{array}{llll}10.1 & 11.4 & 7.6 & 10.9\end{array}$
No linear change
Not available
Increased

QN95: Percentage of students who did something to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to
die (such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose one or more times during the 12 months before
the survey)

| 22.1 | 22.7 | 24.7 | 26.0 | No linear change | Not available No change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QN97: Percentage of students who reported their partners were three or more years older than
themselves the first time they had sexual intercourse (among students who have had sexual intercourse)
$23.0 \quad 21.8 \quad 19.2 \quad$ No linear change Not available No change
*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$
Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05 .
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report


[^0]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report


[^1]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report


[^2]
## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report


QN22: Percentage of students who experienced physical dating violence (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, including being hit, slammed into something, or injured with an object or weapon on purpose by someone they were dating or going out with among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)

QN23: Percentage of students who experienced sexual dating violence (one or more times during the
12 months before the survey, including kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual
intercourse when they did not want to by someone they were dating or going out with among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)
11.5 11.7 No linear change Not available No change

QN24: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)
16.1 20.0 21.4 Increased, 2011-2015 Not available No change

QN25: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (including being bullied through
e-mail, chat rooms, instant messaging, websites, or texting during the 12 months before the survey)

| 17.3 | 16.1 | 17.1 | No linear change Not available No change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

[^3]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report


[^4]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report


[^5]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| White* <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Linear Change ${ }^{\dagger}$ | Quadratic Change ${ }^{*}$ | Change from$2013-2015^{8}$ |
| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |  |  |  |
| QN41: Percentage of students who ever drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during their life) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 77.3 | 78.9 | 79.5 | 78.6 | 78.9 | 82.2 | 77.8 | 76.3 | 74.8 | 72.8 | 60.9 | 62.5 | 62.5 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No change, 1991-2001 <br> Decreased, 2001-2015 | No change |
| QN42: Percentage of students who drank alcohol before age 13 years (for the first time other than a few sips) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30.6 | 32.1 | 35.1 | 33.7 | 30.9 | 28.7 | 24.8 | 21.9 | 21.9 | 16.6 | 18.8 | 14.8 | 11.3 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No change, 1991-1997 <br> Decreased, 1997-2015 | No change |
| QN43: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 48.0 | 56.4 | 52.9 | 56.4 | 45.3 | 49.4 | 45.1 | 49.1 | 42.1 | 38.2 | 27.3 | 37.4 | 31.8 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No change, 1991-1997 <br> Decreased, 1997-2015 | No change |
| QN44: Percentage of students who drank five or more drinks of alcohol in a row (within a couple of hours on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31.3 | 31.0 | 31.7 | 36.0 | 28.8 | 30.7 | 30.3 | 29.2 | 26.6 | 22.3 | 16.2 | 21.7 | 16.1 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No change, 1991-1997 <br> Decreased, 1997-2015 | No change |
| QN45: Percentage of students who reported that the largest number of drinks they had in a row was 10 or more (within a couple of hours during the 30 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5.0 | 3.9 | No linear change | Not availabler | No change |

[^6]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| White* <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |

QN51: Percentage of students who ever used inhalants (sniffed glue, breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any paints or sprays to get high, one or more times during their life)

| 20.9 | 16.2 | 12.4 | 13.0 | 11.5 | 16.6 | 9.7 | 9.9 | 13.1 | 8.3 | 6.7 | Decreased, 1995-2015 | No quadratic change | No change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

[^7]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| White* <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |

[^8]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| White* <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Linear Change ${ }^{+}$ | Quadratic Change ${ }^{\dagger}$ | Change from |
| 19911993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |  |  |  |
| QN58: Percentage of students who ever injected any illegal drug (used a needle to inject any illegal drug into their body one or more times during their life) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2.6 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 0.6 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 1.6 | No linear change | No quadratic change | No change |
| QN59: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35.3 | 47.7 | 44.5 | 39.1 | 37.0 | 42.7 | 33.5 | 26.6 | 28.4 | 26.6 | 30.5 | 26.2 | Decreased, 1993-2015 | No quadratic change | No change |

[^9]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report


[^10]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

"Non-Hispanic.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\text {s B Based on }} \mathrm{t}$-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{I}$ Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report


[^11]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report


[^12]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

## White* <br> Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages
Linear Change ${ }^{\dagger}$
Quadratic Change ${ }^{\dagger}$
Change from 2013-2015 ${ }^{\text {8 }}$

| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QNVEG0: Percentage of students who did not eat vegetables (green salad, potatoes [excluding
French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during the 7 days before the survey)

| 2.3 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 2.6 | 5.4 | 5.0 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QNVEG1: Percentage of students who ate vegetables one or more times per day (green salad,
potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during
the 7 days before the survey)
67.4
69.6
69.9
68.3
69.272 .2
66.367 .1
70.7

No linear change
No quadratic change
No change

QNVEG2: Percentage of students who ate vegetables two or more times per day (green salad,
potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during
the 7 days before the survey)
34.2
29.0
30.1
32.3
$29.5 \quad 36.1$
31.0
30.5
32.7

No linear change
No quadratic change
No change

QNVEG3: Percentage of students who ate vegetables three or more times per day (green salad,
potatoes [excluding French fries, fried potatoes, or potato chips], carrots, or other vegetables, during
the 7 days before the survey)

| 15.0 | 13.2 | 10.4 | 12.0 | 14.0 | 15.3 | 11.3 | 14.1 | 15.8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

No linear change
No quadratic change
No change

## "Non-Hispanic.

${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\text {s }}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report


[^13]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report


[^14]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report


[^15]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| White* <br> Physical Activity <br> Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |
| :--- |
| 1901 |

QN80: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)
Linear Change ${ }^{\dagger} \quad$ Quadratic Change ${ }^{\dagger} \quad \underset{2013-2015}{ }{ }^{\dagger}$

2013-2015 ${ }^{\text {8 }}$

|  | 59.1 | 55.7 | 62.2 | No linear change | No change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical
activity on at least 1 day (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made
them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)
$15.3 \quad 12.7$

Not available No change

QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7
days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time (during the 7 days before the survey)
$32.9 \quad 35.3 \quad 35.3$

No linear change
Not available
No change

QN81: Percentage of students who watched television 3 or more hours per day (on an average school
day)

| 32.1 | 28.0 | 23.8 | 30.6 | 25.1 | 17.3 | 23.0 | 18.6 | 14.3 | Decreased, 1999-2015 | No quadratic change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

[^16]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report


[^17]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| White* <br> Other |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |

"Non-Hispanic.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\text {s Based on }} \mathrm{t}$-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\text {T }}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report


[^18]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report


[^19]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| White* |
| :--- |
| Site-Added |

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages

[^20]2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Hispanic/Latino <br> Injury and Violence |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05 .
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Hispanic/Latino <br> Injury and Violence |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Hispanic/Latino <br> Injury and Violence |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Hispanic/Latino <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Hispanic/Latino <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Linear Change* | Quadratic Change* | Change from 2013-2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |  |  |  |
| QN47: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39.4 | 35.3 | 48.8 | 52.3 | 48.7 | 41.2 | 45.2 | 39.5 | 37.6 | 39.6 | 48.2 | 49.2 | 44.3 | No linear change | No quadratic change | No change |
| QN48: Percentage of students who tried marijuana before age 13 years (for the first time) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8.8 | 9.6 | 12.7 | 17.4 | 14.5 | 14.6 | 16.0 | 11.5 | 10.9 | 11.6 | 15.2 | 12.2 | 10.8 | No linear change | Increased, 1991-1997 <br> Decreased, 1997-2015 | No change |
| QN49: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27.0 | 19.0 | 24.7 | 26.2 | 26.4 | 25.1 | 22.3 | 15.4 | 17.1 | 19.8 | 28.1 | 25.7 | 20.6 | No linear change | No quadratic change | No change |
| QN50: Percentage of students who ever used cocaine (any form of cocaine, such as powder, crack, or freebase, one or more times during their life) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16.0 | 10.6 | 14.3 | 15.7 | 13.6 | 11.6 | 10.2 | 10.9 | 8.9 | 9.9 | 11.4 | 9.1 | 7.3 | Decreased, 1991-2015 | No quadratic change | No change |

QN51: Percentage of students who ever used inhalants (sniffed glue, breathed the contents of aerosol spray cans, or inhaled any paints or sprays to get high, one or more times during their life)

| 20.6 | 18.6 | 15.9 | 12.1 | 15.5 | 13.1 | 12.8 | 12.4 | 13.2 | 9.2 | 7.8 | Decreased, $1995-2015$ | No quadratic change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p<0.05.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Hispanic/Latino <br> Alcohol and Other Drug Use <br>  <br> Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Hispanic/Latino <br> Sexual Behaviors |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Hispanic/Latino <br> Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors <br> Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
§Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Hispanic/Latino <br> Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors <br> Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$. ${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

"Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p $<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Hispanic/Latino <br> Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors <br> Health Risk Behavior and Percentages |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

## Hispanic/Latino <br> Physical Activity

| 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | 1999 | 2001 | 2003 | 2005 | 2007 | 2009 | 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QN80: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)
38.3 44.2 44.4 Increased, 2011-2015 Not available ${ }^{\S}$ No change

QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical
activity on at least 1 day (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)
$17.3 \quad 17.3 \quad 15.1$

No linear change
Not available
No change

QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7
days (doing any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time (during the 7 days before the survey)
$20.0 \quad 20.6 \quad 23.6$

No linear change
Not available
No change

QN81: Percentage of students who watched television 3 or more hours per day (on an average school
day)

| 49.4 | 44.6 | 46.9 | 41.1 | 42.1 | 34.8 | 37.9 | 31.9 | 23.0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Decreased, 1999-2015
Decreased, 1999-2011
Decreased
Decreased, 2011-2015
Decreas
*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Hispanic/Latino <br> Physical Activity |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Hispanic/Latino |
| :--- |
| Site-Added |

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages
*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

| Hispanic/Latino <br> Site-Added |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

2015 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

## San Diego High School Survey

Trend Analysis Report

*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
${ }^{8}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.


[^0]:    *Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\text {s }}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{1}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

[^1]:    "Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\text {s }}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\text {T}}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

[^2]:    "Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{8}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

[^3]:    *Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\text {§ }}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\text {II }}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

[^4]:    "Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{8}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

[^5]:    "Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{8}$ Based on $t$-test analysis, $p<0.05$.

[^6]:    *Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\text {s }}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\mathbb{T}}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

[^7]:    "Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{8}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

[^8]:    "Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\text {s }}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\text {T}}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

[^9]:    "Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\text {s }}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

[^10]:    "Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\text {s }}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\mathbb{T}}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

[^11]:    "Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{8}$ Based on $t$-test analysis, $p<0.05$.

[^12]:    "Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{8}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.

[^13]:    *Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\text {s }}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\text {T}}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

[^14]:    "Non-Hispanic.
    Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\text {s}}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{1}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

[^15]:    "Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$
    ${ }^{\text {s}}$ Based on t -test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{1}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

[^16]:    *Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\text {§ Based on }} \mathrm{t}$-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\text {II}}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

[^17]:    "Non-Hispanic.
    Non-Hised on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\text {s }}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{1}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

[^18]:    "Non-Hispanic.
    Non-Hised on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{8}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\text {T}}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

[^19]:    "Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\text {s }}$ Based on t-test analysis, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$.
    ${ }^{\mathbb{T}}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

[^20]:    "Non-Hispanic.
    ${ }^{\dagger}$ 'Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$
    ${ }^{8}$ Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05 .
    ${ }^{1}$ Not enough years of data to calculate.

